

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): June 03, 2026

Cardiff Oncology, Inc.

(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction
of Incorporation)

001-35558
(Commission File Number)

27-2004382
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

11055 Flintkote Avenue
San Diego, California
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

92121
(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (858) 952-7570

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock	CRDF	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

Cardiff Oncology, Inc. prepared an investor presentation reviewing its Phase 2 CRDF-004 data and registrational study plans for onvansertib. A copy of the presentation materials is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference..

The information in this report, including the investor presentation furnished as Exhibit 99.1 hereto, shall not be deemed to be “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, and shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing. In addition, the exhibit furnished herewith contain statements intended as “forward-looking statements” that are subject to the cautionary statements about forward-looking statements set forth in such exhibit.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

99.1 [Cardiff Oncology, Inc. Corporate Presentation](#)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CARDIFF ONCOLOGY, INC.

Date: June 3, 2026

By: /s/ Mani Mohindru
Mani Mohindru

Interim Chief Executive Officer



Interim Results from the Randomized, Controlled Phase 2 CRDF-004 Trial

Onvansertib + SoC Chemo/Bevacizumab in First-
Line RAS-Mutated mCRC

JUNE 3, 2026

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this presentation are forward-looking within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be identified by the use of words such as "anticipate," "believe," "forecast," "estimated" and "intend" or other similar terms or expressions that concern our expectations, strategy, plans or intentions. These forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and actual results could differ materially. There are several factors that could cause actual events to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, clinical trials involve a lengthy and expensive process with an uncertain outcome, and results of earlier studies and trials may not be predictive of future trial results; our clinical trials may be suspended or discontinued due to unexpected side effects or other safety risks that could preclude approval of our product candidate; results of preclinical studies or clinical trials for our product candidate could be unfavorable or delayed; our need for additional financing; ; uncertainty as to the outcome of pending litigation against Nerviano Medical Sciences S.r.l. with respect to our license agreement with Nerviano; risks related to business interruptions, including the outbreak of COVID-19 coronavirus and cyber-attacks on our information technology infrastructure, which could seriously harm our financial condition and increase our costs and expenses; uncertainties of government or third party payer reimbursement; dependence on key personnel;

limited experience in marketing and sales; substantial competition; uncertainties of patent protection and litigation; dependence upon third parties; and risks related to failure to obtain FDA clearances or approvals and noncompliance with FDA regulations. There are no guarantees that our product candidate will be utilized or prove to be commercially successful. Additionally, there are no guarantees that future clinical trials will be completed or successful or that our product candidate will receive regulatory approval for any indication or prove to be commercially successful. Investors should read the risk factors set forth in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, and other periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. While the list of factors presented here is considered representative, no such list should be considered to be a complete statement of all potential risks and uncertainties. Unlisted factors may present significant additional obstacles to the realization of forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements included herein are made as of the date hereof, and we do not undertake any obligation to update publicly such statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

AGENDA



CARDIFF LEADERSHIP:



Mani Mohindru, PhD
President and CEO

GI ONCOLOGY KOLS:



Heinz-Josef
Lenz, MD



Josep Tabernero,
MD, PhD

Program Overview

Mani Mohindru, PhD, President and CEO

CRDF-004 Clinical Update & Path Forward

Mani Mohindru, PhD, President and CEO

KOL Perspectives

Heinz-Josef Lenz, MD, University Professor of Medicine, Population and Public Health Sciences and Cancer Biology; Professor of Medicine and Preventive Medicine of USC. He serves as Co-Leader of the Gastrointestinal Cancers Program and Co-Director of the USC Center for Cancer Drug Development

Josep Tabernero, MD, PhD, Head of the Medical Oncology Department at Vall d'Hebron University Hospital, Professor of Medicine at the Universitat de Vic and Director of the Vall d'Hebron Institute of Oncology

Q&A



ONVANSERTIB

FIRST-LINE RAS-MUTATED mCRC

Program Overview

CRDF-004 Clinical Update

Path Forward

Highly selective PLK1 inhibitor with practice-changing potential in first-line RAS-mutated metastatic colorectal cancer

Strong Efficacy in RAS-mutated mCRC

- 72% ORR in randomized Phase 2 trial, +30% over SoC; median PFS not reached vs 12.2 months in SoC*
- Synergy with FOLFIRI/bev in first-line RAS-mut mCRC with a favorable safety profile
- Confirms earlier efficacy shown in Ph 1b/2 trial in second-line KRAS-mut mCRC in bev-naïve patients

Large Commercial Opportunity

- First-line RAS-mutated mCRC, is an area of high unmet need and limited innovation
- Practice-changing potential in large, underserved populations
- Opportunity for market expansion, including in rare RAS-driven cancers such as CMML

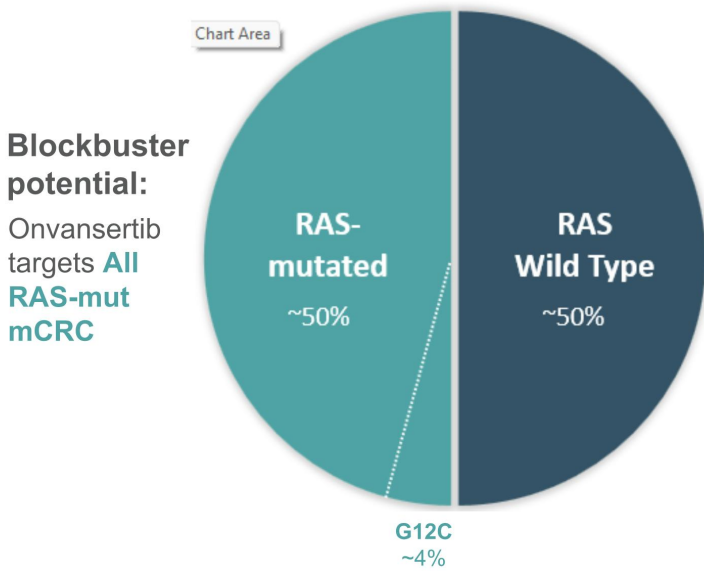
Clear Registrational Path

- Successful End-of-Phase 2 meeting: aligned on the registrational trial in first-line RAS-mutated mCRC
- Dose and chemo regimen selected: 30 mg onvansertib + FOLFIRI/bev
- Ph 3 designed to allow for Accelerated Approval (ORR) and full approval (PFS)

ORR reflects BICR. PFS reflects Investigator Assessment
ORR: Objective Response Rate; PFS: Progression Free Survival; BICR: Blinded Independent Central Review

Positioned to address the first-line RAS-mutated mCRC market

~150,000 newly diagnosed CRC patients in U.S.; 20% present metastatic disease*



Blockbuster potential:
Onvansertib targets **All RAS-mut mCRC**

1st Line Standard-of-Care Remains Unchanged for Two Decades

Chemotherapy (FOLFOX/FOLFIRI/FOLFOXIRI) + Bevacizumab (Avastin®)

No approvals specific to panRAS-mut mCRC

For patients with mCRC

15%
5-year relative OS

Less than 12 months
median PFS

*American Cancer Society; NCI SEER database
CRC, colorectal cancer; mCRC, metastatic colorectal cancer

Large unmet need in first-line mCRC: efficacy data from existing therapies

Data from positive first-line mCRC chemo/bev Phase 3 clinical trials by RAS-mutated status*

Targeted agent	Trial	Mechanism of action	Trial population	Sample size	ORR Exp. vs Ctrl.	PFS (months) Exp. vs Ctrl.	Hazard ratio	
bevacizumab	IFL/bev vs IFL	Antiangiogenic	KRAS WT or mutant	All ITT patients	813	45% vs 35%	10.6 vs 6.2	0.54 p<0.0001
				Mutant only¹	78	43% vs 41%	9.3 vs 5.5	0.41
FOLFOXIRI/bev (TRIBE trial)	FOLFOXIRI/bev vs FOLFIRI/bev	Chemo	RAS WT or mutant	All ITT patients	508	65% vs 54%	12.3 vs 9.7	0.77 p=0.006
				Mutant only¹	236	66% vs 55%	12.0 vs 9.5	0.78

* Source: bevacizumab: USPI from accessdata.fda.gov, Hurwitz H, et al. The Oncologist 2009. FOLFOXIRI: Cremolini C, et al. Lancet Oncol 2015.
1. RAS mutation was evaluated retrospectively and tumor samples for RAS analysis were not available for all patients.

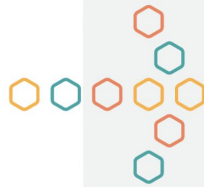
ONVANSERTIB

FIRST-LINE RAS-MUTATED mCRC

Program Overview

CRDF-004 Clinical Update *(Data cut-off Mar 18, 2026)*

Path Forward



CRDF-004: dose-finding, randomized, controlled Phase 2 trial in first-line patients with RAS-mutated mCRC

ENROLLMENT CRITERIA

- First-line mCRC
- KRAS+/NRAS+
- No BRAF-V600 or MSI-H/dMMR
- Unresectable
- No prior bev



6 RANDOMIZATION ARMS

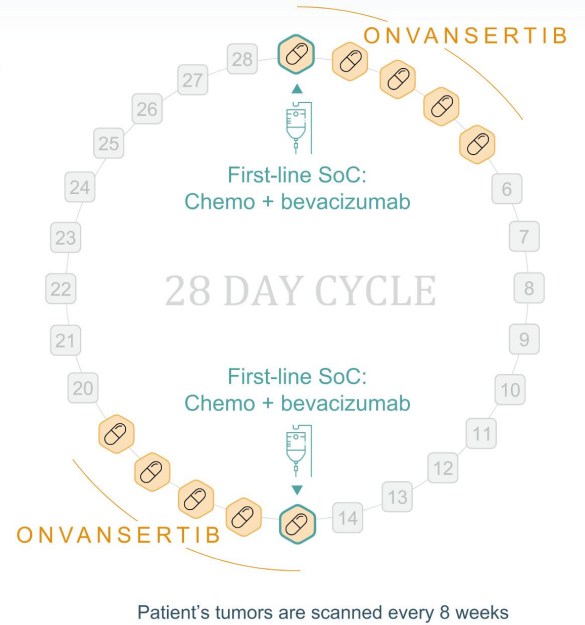
- | | |
|------------|---------------------------------|
| SoC alone | 1. FOLFIRI/bev
2. FOLFOX/bev |
| Onv 20mg + | 3. FOLFIRI/bev
4. FOLFOX/bev |
| Onv 30mg + | 5. FOLFIRI/bev
6. FOLFOX/bev |

ENDPOINTS*

- Primary: ORR
 Secondary: DoR and PFS

* Assessed by blinded independent central review (BICR)

mCRC: metastatic colorectal cancer; ORR: objective response rate; DoR: duration of response; PFS: progression free survival; SoC: standard of care; onv: onvansertib; bev: bevacizumab



Demographics and baseline characteristics

	FOLFIRI/bev (N=19)	Onv 20 mg + FOLFIR/bev (N=18)	Onv 30 mg + FOLFIRI/bev (N=18)	FOLFOX/bev (N=18)	Onv 20 mg + FOLFOX/bev (N=18)	Onv 30 mg + FOLFOX/bev (N=19)
Age (years)						
Mean (SD)	55.41 (14.34)	52.41 (13.13)	59.67 (12)	56.24 (12.04)	59.41 (14.5)	60.11 (14.1)
Median (Min, Max)	53 (32, 81)	52 (30, 78)	60 (34, 81)	57 (34, 82)	66 (34, 79)	59.5 (39, 86)
ECOG						
0	6 (31.6%)	13 (72.2%)	11 (61.1%)	7 (38.9%)	10 (55.6%)	11 (57.9%)
1	11 (57.9%)	4 (22.2%)	7 (38.9%)	10 (55.6%)	7 (38.9%)	7 (36.8%)
Stage at initial diagnosis*						
STAGE IV	9 (47.4%)	10 (55.6%)	14 (77.8%)	9 (50.0%)	11 (61.1%)	13 (68.4%)
STAGE III	4 (21.1%)	4 (22.2%)	2 (11.1%)	6 (33.3%)	2 (11.1%)	3 (15.8%)
STAGE II	3 (15.8%)	2 (11.1%)	2 (11.1%)	2 (11.1%)	3 (16.7%)	1 (5.3%)
STAGE I	0	1 (5.6%)	0	0	1 (5.6%)	1 (5.3%)
Side of tumor						
RIGHT	5 (26.3%)	8 (44.4%)	6 (33.3%)	8 (44.4%)	7 (38.9%)	7 (36.8%)
LEFT	6 (31.6%)	7 (38.9%)	6 (33.3%)	5 (27.8%)	8 (44.4%)	4 (21.1%)
BILATERAL	6 (31.6%)	2 (11.1%)	6 (33.3%)	4 (22.2%)	2 (11.1%)	7 (36.8%)
Liver metastasis at study entry						
Yes	10 (52.6%)	10 (55.6%)	14 (77.8%)	10 (55.6%)	12 (66.7%)	14 (73.7%)
No	7 (36.8%)	7 (38.9%)	4 (22.2%)	7 (38.9%)	5 (27.8%)	4 (21.1%)
Liver only disease						
No	15 (78.9%)	15 (83.3%)	11 (61.1%)	14 (77.8%)	16 (88.9%)	15 (78.9%)
Yes	2 (10.5%)	2 (11.1%)	7 (38.9%)	3 (16.7%)	1 (5.6%)	3 (15.8%)
Number of metastatic organs						
Multiple	11 (57.9%)	9 (50.0%)	9 (50%)	9 (50.0%)	13 (72.2%)	15 (78.9%)
Single	6 (31.6%)	8 (44.4%)	9 (50%)	8 (44.4%)	4 (22.2%)	3 (15.8%)
Prior adjuvant or neo-adjuvant chemo						
No	13 (68.4%)	12 (66.7%)	14 (77.8%)	12 (66.7%)	12 (66.7%)	16 (84.2%)
Yes	4 (21.1%)	5 (27.8%)	4 (22.2%)	5 (27.8%)	5 (27.8%)	2 (10.5%)

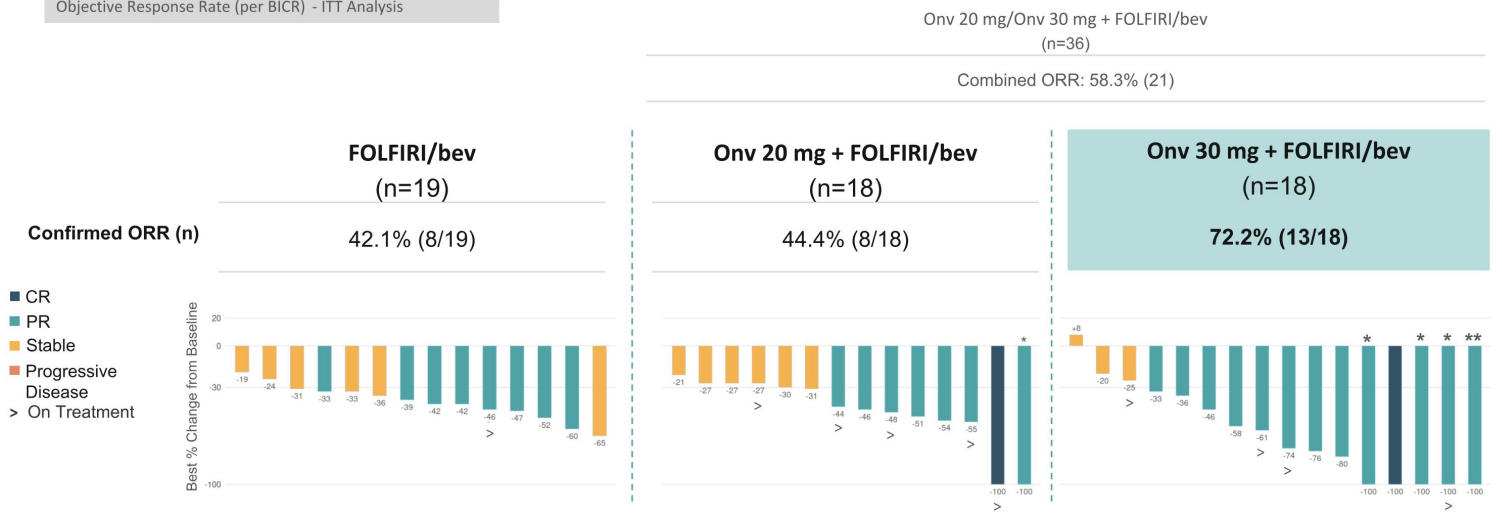
*Missing in one patient

Trial is ongoing as of March 18, 2026 cut-off:
 13 of 14 remaining patients are on onvansertib + SOC chemo/bev

Population, n	FOLFIRI/bev	Onv 20mg + FOLFIRI/bev	Onv 30mg + FOLFIRI/bev	FOLFOX/bev	Onv 20mg + FOLFOX/bev	Onv 30mg + FOLFOX/bev	Total
Intent-to-treat (ITT)	19	18	18	18	18	19	110
Safety population (dosed)	17	17	18	17	17	18	104
Patients still on study treatment	1	5	4	0	3	1	14

Onv 30 mg + FOLFIRI/bev delivers superior ORR & depth of response: 30% improvement in ORR over FOLFIRI/bev

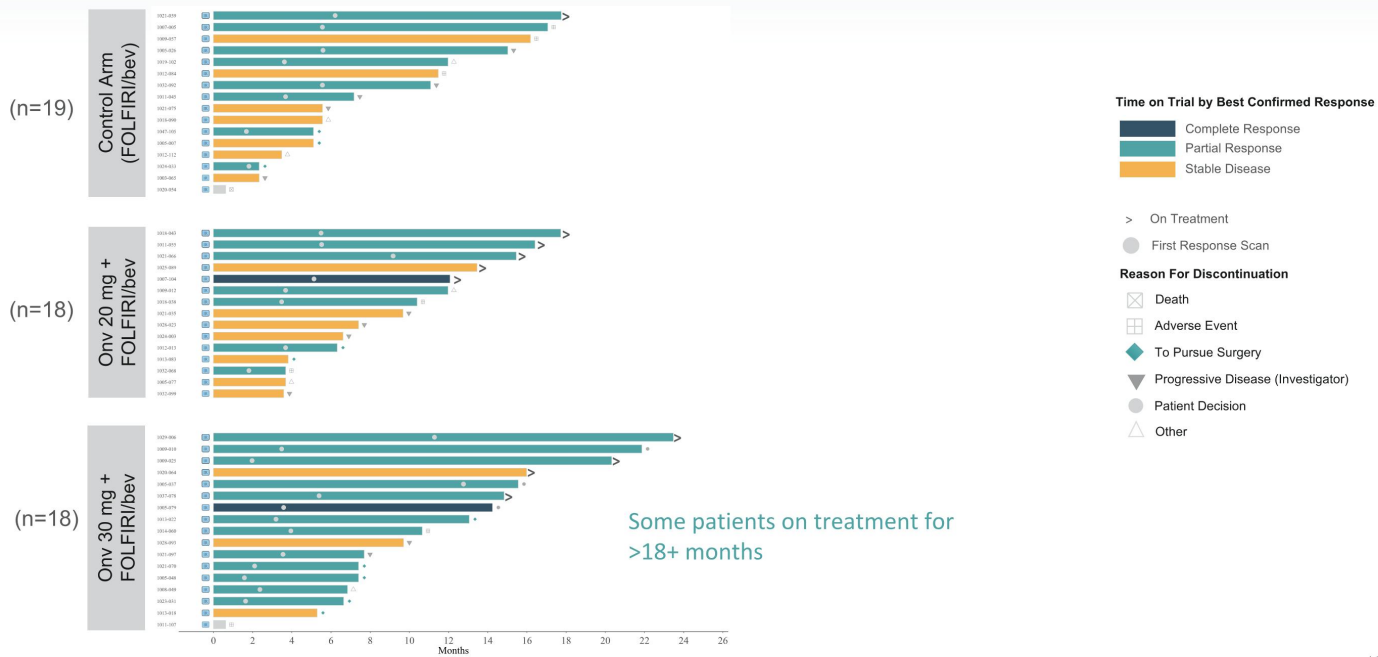
Objective Response Rate (per BICR) - ITT Analysis



** CR at last assessment; unconfirmed due to discontinuation for curative surgery
 * Residual non-target disease (Non-CR/Non-PD)
 Patients that are not-evaluable or do not have target lesions are not shown in the plots

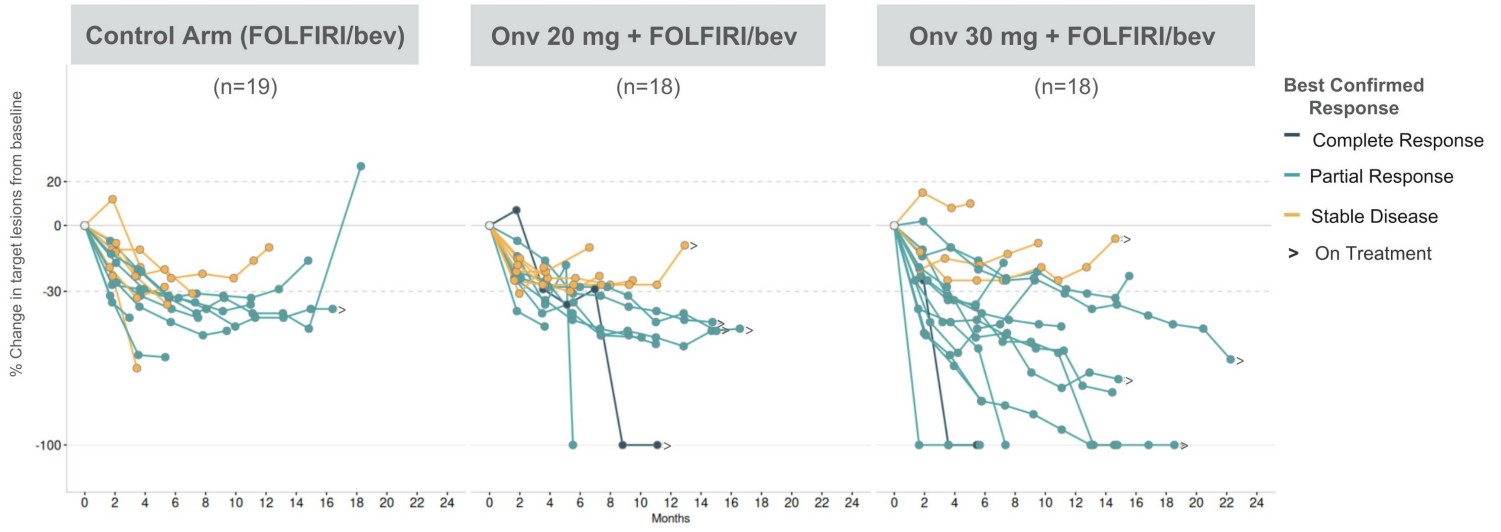
Onv 30 mg + FOLFIRI/bev demonstrates longer duration of treatment

9 of 10 remaining patients on onv + FOLFIRI/bev



Patients that are not evaluable are not shown in the plots

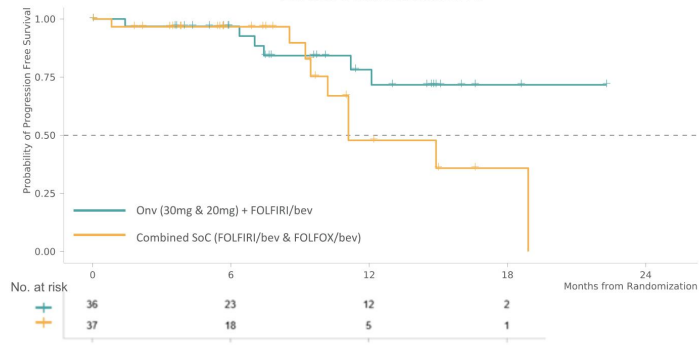
Onv 30 mg + FOLFIRI/bev demonstrates deep and durable tumor shrinkage over time



Patients that are not-evaluable or do not have target lesions are not shown in the plots.

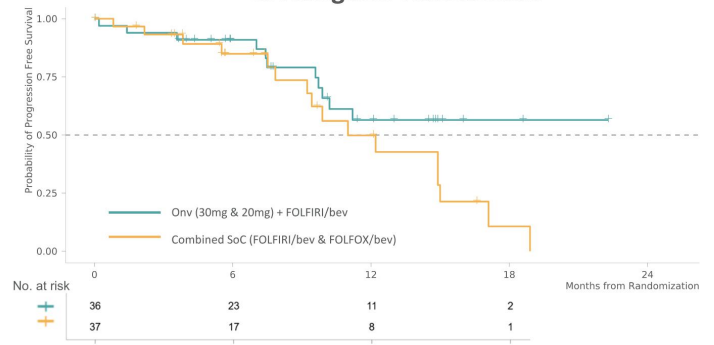
Onv (20 & 30 mg) + FOLFIRI/bev shows improved PFS vs SoC (FOLFIRI/bev & FOLFOX/bev)

BICR Assessment



	FOLFIRI/bev + FOLFOX/bev	Onv (20 & 30mg) + FOLFIRI/bev
N	37	36
Median PFS	11.07	NR*
HR (95% CI)		0.44 (0.15, 1.25)

Investigator Assessment

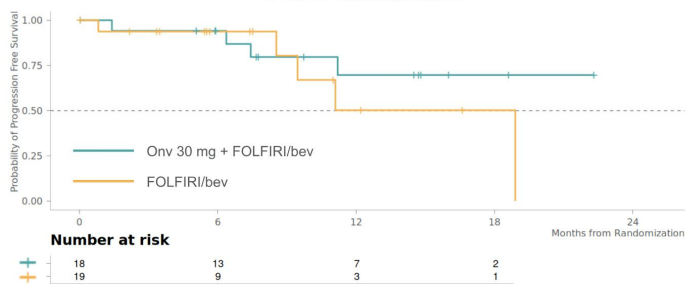


	FOLFIRI/bev + FOLFOX/bev	Onv (20 & 30mg) + FOLFIRI/bev
N	37	36
Median PFS	10.97	NR*
HR (95% CI)		0.53 (0.25, 1.15)

HR: hazard ratio; PFS: Progression Free Survival; BICR: Blinded Independent Central Review; * Nine patients still on study

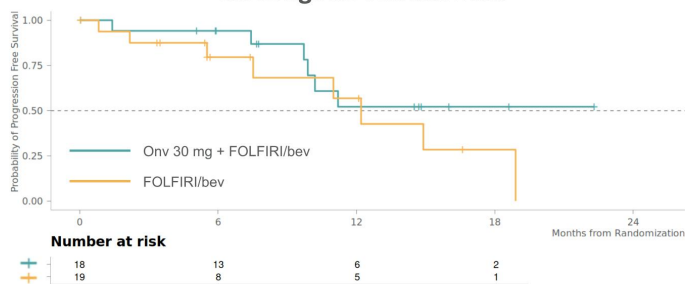
Onv 30 mg + FOLFIRI/bev shows improved PFS vs FOLFIRI/bev

BICR Assessment



	FOLFIRI/bev	Onv 30 mg + FOLFIR/bev
N	19	18
Median PFS	18.89*	NR**
HR (95% CI)	0.55 (0.15, 2.09)	

Investigator Assessment

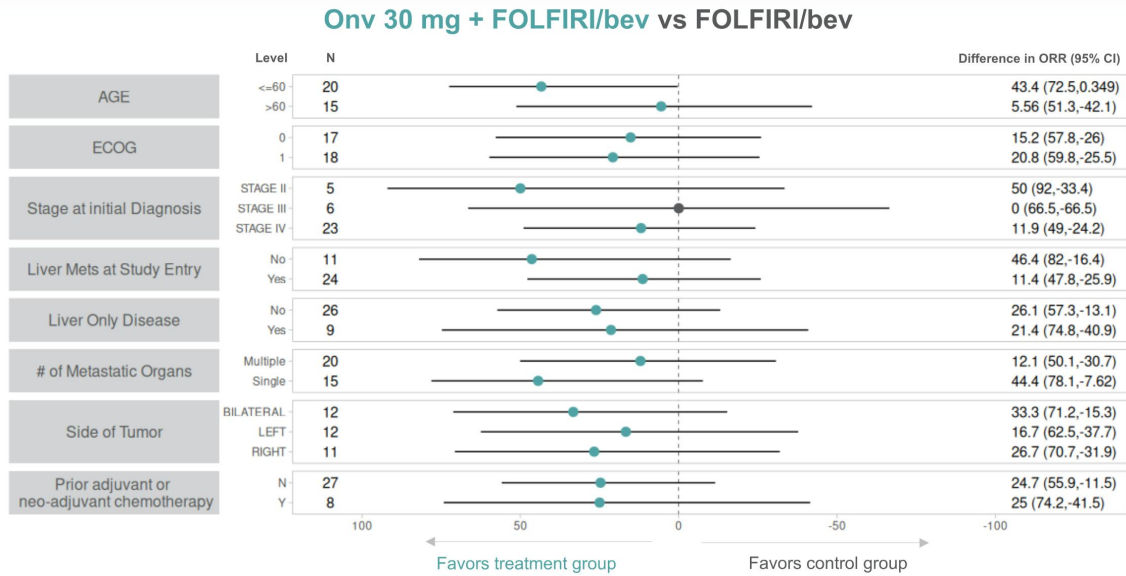


	FOLFIRI/bev	Onv 30 mg + FOLFIR/bev
N	19	18
Median PFS	12.22*	NR**
HR (95% CI)	0.57 (0.2, 1.65)	

*Discordance in median PFS in FOLFIRI/ bev arm due to investigator-assessed progressive disease (PD) and discontinuation prior to BICR confirmation of progression

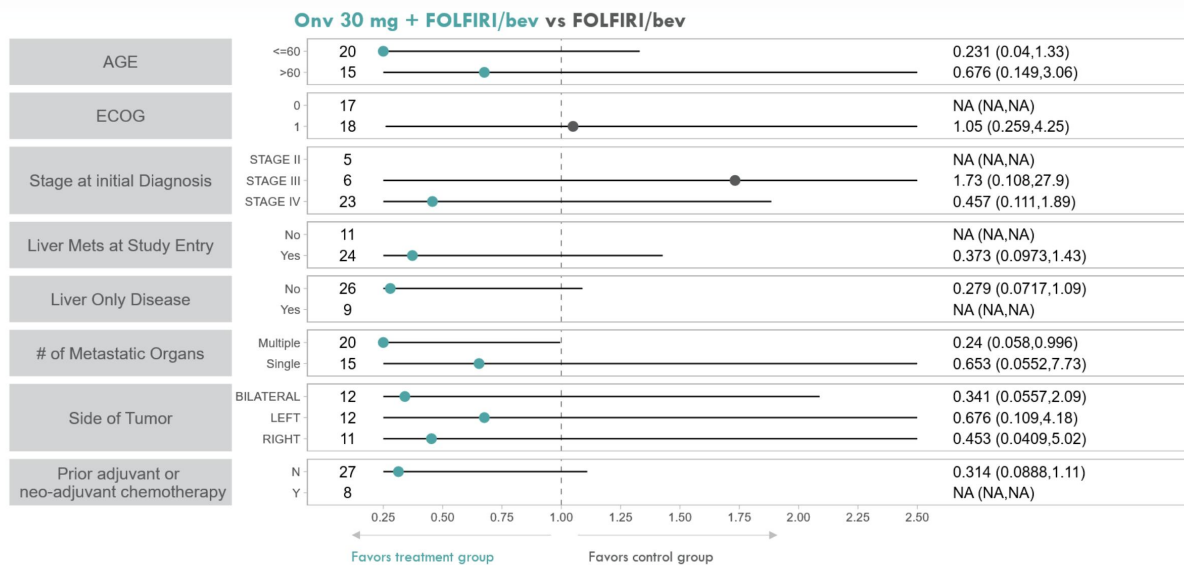
**Four patients still on study

Forest plot of ORR (BICR) by baseline characteristics demonstrates consistent benefit across subgroups with Onv 30 mg + FOLFIRI/bev



STAGE I at initial diagnosis excluded due to too few patients to meaningfully analyze.

Forest plot of PFS* by baseline characteristics demonstrates trends in benefit across subgroups with Onv 30 mg + FOLFIRI/bev



* Progressive disease events were based on events of BICR and Investigator assessments. The earliest reported date was used for a conservative estimate. STAGE I at initial diagnosis excluded due to too few patients to meaningfully analyze.

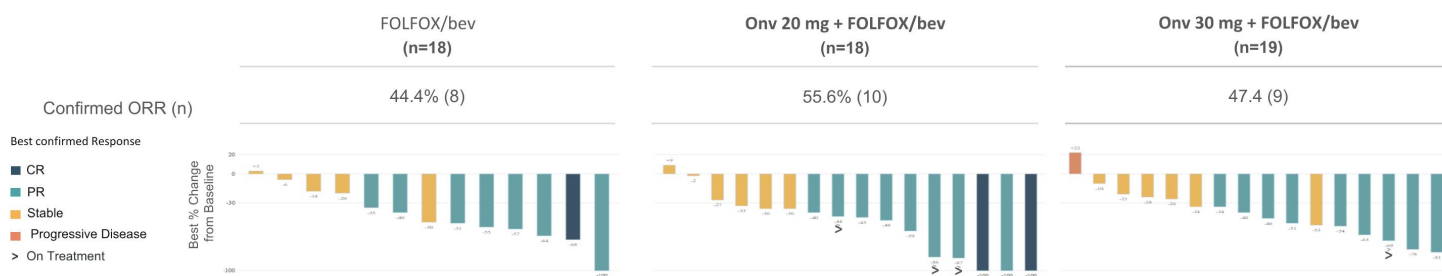
Onvansertib shows no unexpected, overlapping, or new toxicities when added to FOLFIRI/bev or FOLFOX/bev

Number (%) of Participants: by Preferred Term	FOLFIRI/bev (N=17)		Onv 20 mg + FOLFIRI/bev (N=17)		Onv 30 mg + FOLFIRI/bev (N=18)		FOLFOX/bev (N=17)		Onv 20 mg + FOLFOX/bev (N=17)		Onv 30 mg + FOLFOX/bev (N=18)	
	Any Grade n (%)	Gr ≥ 3 n (%)	Any Grade n (%)	Gr ≥ 3 n (%)	Any Grade n (%)	Gr ≥ 3 n (%)	Any Grade n (%)	Gr ≥ 3 n (%)	Any Grade n (%)	Gr ≥ 3 n (%)	Any Grade n (%)	Gr ≥ 3 n (%)
Participants with events	17 (100.0)	15 (88.2)	17 (100.0)	13 (76.5)	18 (100.0)	15 (83.3)	16 (94.1)	11 (64.7)	17 (100.0)	12 (70.6)	18 (100.0)	16 (88.9)
Nausea	9 (52.9)	1 (5.9)	13 (76.5)	1 (5.9)	12 (66.7)	0	11 (64.7)	1 (5.9)	12 (70.6)	0	11 (61.1)	0
Fatigue	9 (52.9)	0	12 (70.6)	0	11 (61.1)	0	10 (58.8)	2 (11.8)	12 (70.6)	1 (5.9)	10 (55.6)	0
Diarrhea	11 (64.7)	1 (5.9)	13 (76.5)	2 (11.8)	9 (50.0)	0	8 (47.1)	1 (5.9)	7 (41.2)	1 (5.9)	7 (38.9)	0
Neutrophil count decreased	9 (52.9)	5 (29.4)	5 (29.4)	2 (11.8)	7 (38.9)	3 (16.7)	5 (29.4)	5 (29.4)	7 (41.2)	4 (23.5)	7 (38.9)	4 (22.2)
Peripheral sensory neuropathy	5 (29.4)	0	2 (11.8)	0	3 (16.7)	0	6 (35.3)	0	10 (58.8)	2 (11.8)	11 (61.1)	1 (5.6)
Vomiting	6 (35.3)	1 (5.9)	8 (47.1)	0	7 (38.9)	0	5 (29.4)	1 (5.9)	7 (41.2)	1 (5.9)	4 (22.2)	0
Hypertension	6 (35.3)	2 (11.8)	8 (47.1)	3 (17.6)	7 (38.9)	3 (16.7)	3 (17.6)	0	5 (29.4)	1 (5.9)	7 (38.9)	5 (27.8)
Constipation	3 (17.6)	1 (5.9)	6 (35.3)	0	5 (27.8)	0	2 (11.8)	0	10 (58.8)	0	8 (44.4)	0
Abdominal pain	5 (29.4)	2 (11.8)	4 (23.5)	1 (5.9)	7 (38.9)	1 (5.6)	4 (23.5)	0	6 (35.3)	1 (5.9)	7 (38.9)	1 (5.6)
Decreased appetite	7 (41.2)	1 (5.9)	5 (29.4)	0	7 (38.9)	1 (5.6)	4 (23.5)	0	7 (41.2)	0	3 (16.7)	0
Epistaxis	4 (23.5)	0	9 (52.9)	0	7 (38.9)	0	4 (23.5)	0	5 (29.4)	0	4 (22.2)	0
Anemia	4 (23.5)	1 (5.9)	7 (41.2)	1 (5.9)	5 (27.8)	1 (5.6)	3 (17.6)	0	4 (23.5)	1 (5.9)	8 (44.4)	4 (22.2)
Platelet count decreased	2 (11.8)	1 (5.9)	4 (23.5)	0	3 (16.7)	1 (5.6)	7 (41.2)	1 (5.9)	7 (41.2)	0	8 (44.4)	2 (11.1)
Weight decreased	7 (41.2)	2 (11.8)	2 (11.8)	1 (5.9)	6 (33.3)	0	2 (11.8)	0	3 (17.6)	0	5 (27.8)	1 (5.6)
Alopecia	5 (29.4)	0	4 (23.5)	0	6 (33.3)	0	2 (11.8)	0	5 (29.4)	0	2 (11.1)	0
Dizziness	3 (17.6)	0	4 (23.5)	0	2 (11.1)	0	3 (17.6)	0	5 (29.4)	0	7 (38.9)	0
Headache	4 (23.5)	0	7 (41.2)	0	2 (11.1)	0	4 (23.5)	0	6 (35.3)	0	1 (5.6)	0
Hypokalemia	4 (23.5)	1 (5.9)	3 (17.6)	2 (11.8)	5 (27.8)	2 (11.1)	5 (29.4)	1 (5.9)	3 (17.6)	0	4 (22.2)	1 (5.6)
Insomnia	0	0	5 (29.4)	0	4 (22.2)	0	3 (17.6)	0	6 (35.3)	0	6 (33.3)	0
Stomatitis	3 (17.6)	1 (5.9)	7 (41.2)	0	3 (16.7)	0	6 (35.3)	0	3 (17.6)	0	1 (5.6)	0
White blood cell count decreased	5 (29.4)	1 (5.9)	5 (29.4)	0	5 (27.8)	0	6 (35.3)	2 (11.8)	0	0	2 (11.1)	1 (5.6)
Dysgeusia	2 (11.8)	0	1 (5.9)	0	4 (22.2)	0	5 (29.4)	0	5 (29.4)	0	5 (27.8)	0

*Data cut-off March 18, 2026, from an ongoing trial and unlocked EDC database. events shown occurred in ≥20% of total patients; Subjects reporting more than one adverse event (AE) within a preferred term are counted only once in that preferred term. For subjects reporting more than one AE within a preferred term, the AE with maximum grade is included in the table.

Onvansertib adds no consistent meaningful benefit to FOLFOX/bev

Objective Response Rate (per BICR)^a - ITT Analysis



Progression Free Survival	FOLFOX/bev (n=18)	Onv 20 mg + FOLFOX/bev (n=18)		Onv 30 mg + FOLFOX/bev (n=19)	
	Median (95% CI)	Median (95% CI)	Hazard Ratio (95% CI)	Median (95% CI)	Hazard Ratio (95% CI)
BICR only	11.07 (10.18-NR)	14.13 (10.94-NR)	1.14 (0.32, 4.04)	11.37 (9.4-NR)	2.2 (0.67, 7.28)
Investigator only	9.89 (9.23-NR)	12.78 (7.39-NR)	1.02 (0.39, 2.64)	11.37 (8.15-NR)	1.81 (0.64, 5.08)

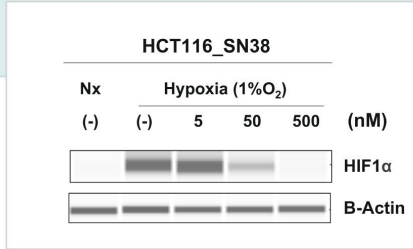
Patients that are not evaluable are not shown in the plots

Mechanistic rationale for onvansertib's synergy with FOLFIRI but not FOLFOX

- Onvansertib & irinotecan both cause HIF1 α suppression (anti-angiogenic effects)
- Onvansertib may inhibit DNA-repair pathway activated upon irinotecan-induced DNA damage

Topoisomerase I inhibitors (Irinotecan/SN38) + Onvansertib

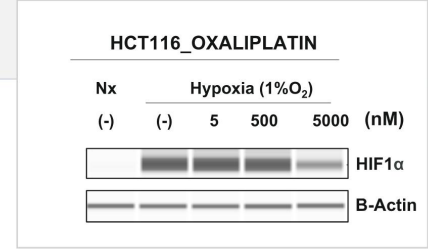
- ✓ Both suppress HIF1 α → dual anti-angiogenic effect
- ✓ Irinotecan-induced double stranded breaks (DSBs) rely on PLK1-dependent Homologous Recombination repair



SN38 decreases HIF1 α in a dose-dependent manner;
HIF1 α less sensitive to oxaliplatin

Oxaliplatin + Onvansertib

- ✗ Oxaliplatin has low impact on HIF1 α suppression — no shared antiangiogenic effect
- ✗ Oxaliplatin induced DNA damage uses Nucleotide Excision Repair mechanism — limited/no role of PLK1



HCT116 is a human colorectal cell line; Irinotecan, a component of FOLFIRI, is a prodrug of SN38

CRDF-004 Phase 2 trial: key goals/endpoints achieved

Primary Goal:
**DOSE + CHEMO
SELECTION**

**30 mg onvansertib
+ FOLFIRI/bev**

Selected the efficacious
and safe dose of
onvansertib + SoC for the
registrational program

Primary Endpoint:
ORR

**30% improvement
in ORR**

30 mg onvansertib +
FOLFIRI/bev demonstrated
improvement in ORR
compared to SoC

Secondary Endpoint:
PFS

**Median PFS not yet
reached vs SoC**

9 of 14 patients remain on
onvansertib + FOLFIRI/bev
treatment; median PFS not
reached but reached in SoC

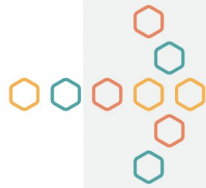
ONVANSERTIB

FIRST-LINE RAS-MUTATED mCRC

Program Overview

CRDF-004 Clinical Update

Path Forward



Proposed pivotal trial design in first-line RAS-mutated mCRC

FDA End-of-Phase 2 meeting completed in 2Q 2026

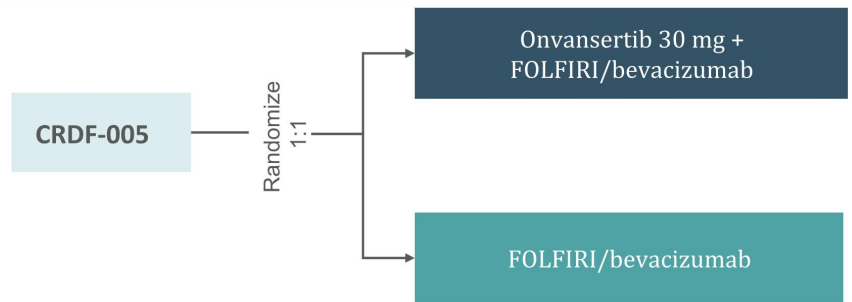
ENROLLMENT CRITERIA

- First-line mCRC
- KRAS+/NRAS+
- No BRAF-V600 or MSI-H/dMMR
- Unresectable
- No prior bev

ENDPOINTS

Dual Primary Endpoints: ORR and PFS

Secondary: DoR and OS



Design details:

- Proposed sample size ~ 640 patients
- >90% power to detect PFS and ORR difference in the two arms
- Potential for accelerated approval based on ORR and durability of responses
- FDA feedback received, EMA feedback pending

Key takeaways for onvansertib

Onvansertib:
highly selective,
oral, small molecule
inhibitor of PLK1

Proven Synergy with FOLFIRI/bev	Two clinical studies demonstrate improved outcomes in bev-naïve patients, validating combination synergy
Improved Efficacy in 1L RAS-mut mCRC	Phase 2 CRDF-004 data show 72% ORR at 30mg, +30% over SoC; median PFS not reached with some patients on treatment > 18 months
Clean Safety Profile	No added safety signals — side effects consistent with background therapy
Advancement to Registrational Trial	30 mg dose selected; Phase 3 designed for accelerated approval via ORR and full approval via PFS
Large Unmet Need	No meaningful treatment advances in first-line RAS-mutated mCRC in over 20 years

mCRC, metastatic colorectal cancer; bev, bevacizumab; ORR, objective response rate; PFS, progression-free survival; PLK1, polo-like kinase 1; SoC, standard of care

KOL perspectives: mCRC market and therapeutic landscape



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